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Installation Materials

Standard Installation Materials

Provided:

- Panels
- Installation Map/guide
- Levelers
- Corian Plugs

Available for purchase:

- Adhesive/Gun/Tips

Not Provided:

- 100% Clear Silicone
- Screws
- Countersink drill bit

Backlight Installation Materials

Provided: *Along with the materials included for Standard Installation, you will also receive:*

- LED Strips
- RGB Wire
- Low Voltage Wire
- Pigtails Driver
- Receiver
- Cable nuts
- RGB Controller
- Acrylic Stiffeners

Not Provided:

- Framing Wood



1. Check that the panels arrive in good condition

- If not, take photos and immediately notify M.R. Walls of any damage or chipping.

2. Dry-fit the puzzle pieces, reference the install design map

- To dry fit, assemble all panels on the floor, then the wall before applying any silicone or adhesive.

3. Press the panels together so that the seams disappear

- If you notice bowing/cupping, this is normal.

4. Apply pressure to locations of bowing/cupping

- Leveling techniques during installation will resolve this [pages 4-6].

5. Optional: Execute onsite routering

- All cut outs for plumbing/electrical/niches can be done at this time [page 28].

6. Take photos of the project and send it to M.R. Walls



No Pressure



Pressure



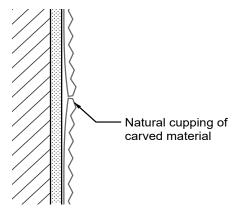
Leveling Techniques: Levelers

Leveler Technique:

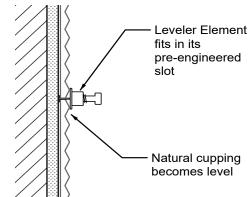
- Levelers will help level the face of the project while installing.
- Pre-engineered slots are provided to guide leveler installation.
- For best results, level the panels with the lights on.

Important: Adhesive to be only be applied topically [pages 14-16].

Before:



After:





Step 1: Bring together two panels. Identify leveler slots.



Step 2: Insert and twist the leveler so that the pin behind the surface is perpendicular to the seam. Hold and twist the leveler to tighten the seams together.



Step 3: Add a small bead of Corian to the seams. Corian Adhesive should ONLY be used topically.



Step 4: With a clean rag, wipe the excess adhesive on the seams.



Step 5: Wait 15-20 minutes and once dry, remove the levelers and repeat Step 3 & 4 in the leveler slots. Wipe excess as needed.

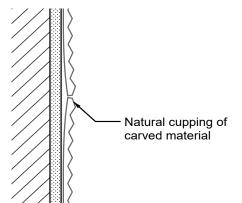


Alternate Leveling Techniques: Bracing

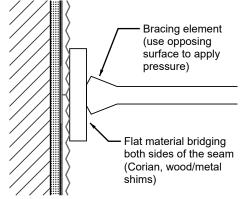
Bracing Technique:

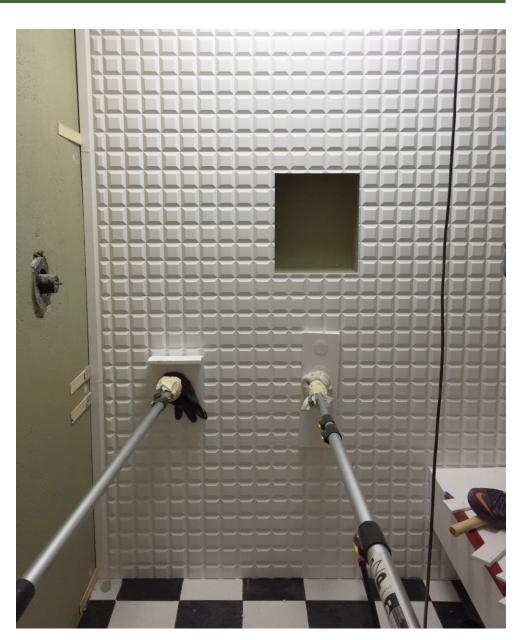
- Best for tight spaces with close opposing walls such as: showers, powder rooms, bathrooms, etc
- Bracing Technique allows you to apply pressure along the seams of the panels using adjustable poles.
- **Step 1:** Place a flat material bridging both sides of the seams between the M.R. Wall and adjustable pole.
- **Step 2:** Topically add adhesive to the seam [pages 14-16]
- **Step 3:** Let dry and remove poles. Repeat on pole location.

Before:



After:





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Alternate Leveling Techniques: Stitching

Stitching Technique:

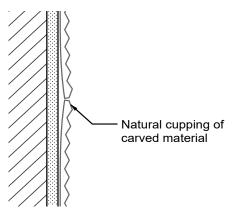
- Stitching Technique allows you to apply pressure along the seams of the panels using hot glue and shims.

Step 1: Place a flat material bridging both sides of the seams and hot glue it to both surfaces.

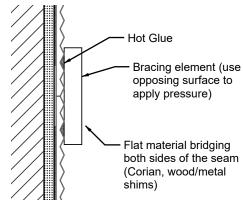
Step 2: Topically add adhesive to the seam [pages 14-16]

Step 3: Let dry and remove shims. Repeat on pole location.

Before:

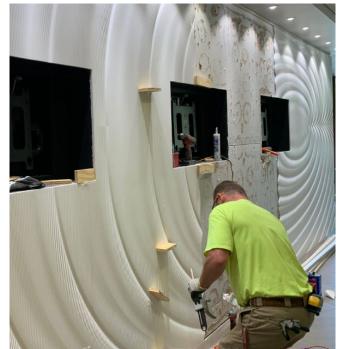


After:









Attachment Methods

Attachment Methods:

There are 4 popular attachment methods when installing M.R. Walls, here is a guide to better perfect your install.

- 1. Silicone
- 2. Plug and Screw
- 3. Exposed Fastener
- 4. French Cleat

Attachment Requirements:

Level 3 or higher wall finishes are required for all M.R. Wall installations.



Attachment Techniques: Silicone

Silicone:

- 100% clear silicone is the most common form of attachement, Corian recommended.
- Follow the diagram below to apply silicone to the back of the M.R. Wall or front of substrate wall surface.





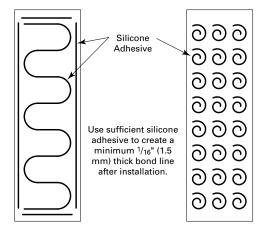
TABLE 2: SILICONE ADHESIVE BONDING GUIDELINES

Suggested Silicone Bead Diameters to Achieve Different Bond Line Thicknesses and Suggested Silicone Bead Lengths Per Area of Different Sheet Thicknesses.

Sheet Thickness		Bead Diameter		Compressed Thickness		Bead Length Required / Unit Sheet Length		Bead Length Required / Unit Sheet Area	
(in.)	(mm)	(in.)	(mm)	(in.)	(mm)	(in./ft.)	(cm/m)	(in./ ft.²)	(cm/ m²)
1/4	6	1/8	3.2	1/16	1.6	40	310	15	405
1/4	6	1/4	6.4	1/8	3.2	20	620	8	205
1/2	12	1/8	3.2	1/16	1.6	75	155	30	810
1/2	12	1/4	6.4	1/8	3.2	40	310	15	410

Use a distributed silicone placement pattern to provide panel bonding near all panel edges and across spans to provide consistent dimensional gap support from the substrate (Reference Figure A-3). It is important not to create closed loops of silicone adhesive as silicone uses atmospheric moisture to cure. Closed loops create a barrier to moisture and will retard cure.

FIGURE A-3: SILICONE ADHESIVE PLACEMENT



B. HARD SEAMED WALL LENGTH LIMITATIONS

Long expanses of inconspicuous hard seamed cladding can be fabricated using Corian* solid surface sheets when 100% silicone is used for mounting. For 1/15 mm) silicone bond lines the maximum suggested wall lengths versus the expected temperature change appear in Table 3. If desired wall dimensions exceed those suggested, thicker silicone bond lines can be used or an expansion joint is suggested (Reference Table 3).

TABLE 3: HARD-SEAMED WALL LENGTH LIMITS AS FUNCTION OF EXPECTED TEMPERATURE CHANGE FOR 100% SILICONE WITH 50% MOVEMENT CAPABILITY^{2,3}

1/16" (1.6 mm) Silicone Thickness

ΔT (°F)	length limit (ft.)	ΔT (°C)	length limit (m)
±10	49	±5	16.7
±15	33	±10	8.3
±20	25	±15	5.6
±25	20	±20	4.2
±30	16	±25	3.3
±35	14		
±40	12		

1/8" (3.2 mm) Silicone Thickness

ΔT (°F)	length limit (ft.)	ΔT (°C)	length limit (m)		
±10	115	±5	38.9		
±15	77	±10	19.4		
±20	57	±15	13.0		
±25	46	±20	9.7		
±30	38	±25	7.8		
±35	33				
±40	29				

The temperature range used for design should be based on the expected deviation from the installation temperature and should include consideration for the construction phase as well as occupation. Plan the installation to minimize ambient temperature changes on site. If possible, the building should be heated prior to installation. Acclimate the materials and building to the design temperature for at least 48 hours with air circulation around the materials. The temperature needs to be controlled once installation is complete.

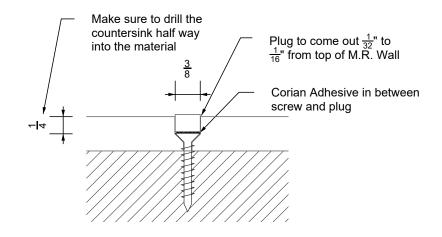


Attachment Methods: Plug and Screw

Plug and Screw Method:

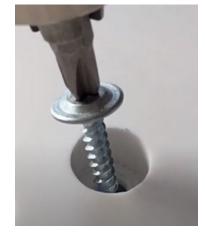
- In addition to Silicone, screws and mechanical connections are required depending on project size, location, and/or application.
- M.R Walls will supply Corian Plugs that correspond to the counter sink drill bit purchasable <u>here.</u>
- See Plug and Screw install videos here.

Important: Minimum of 4 screws per panel, one on each corner.





Step 1: Mark the location along the border where you want your screws to go. Make sure to mark an area where your screw will have a backing to screw into.



Step 2: Once on the wall, use a #10 galvanized screw for the countersunk hole. Make sure not to over torque.



Step 3: Squeeze matching Corian adhesive into the countersunk hole and use a plug to fill the hole. Adhesive should squeeze out from all of the edges.



Step 5: With a clean rag wipe excess adhesive away.



Step 5: Sand down the 1/16" reveal left from the plug to create a level, discreet border.



Attachment Methods: Plug and Screw Continued

Plug and Screw Method:

- If plug is sticking up higher than 1/32":
 - **1.** Use a grinder to shave down the exposed plug.
 - **2.** Then finish with sanding.



Step 1: Plug sticking out more than 1/32".



Step 2: Use grinder to shave down the exposed plug.



Step 3: Use a high grit sander to finish the surface.



Step 4: Finished plug surface with screw below.



Attachment Methods: Exposed Fastener

Exposed Fastener Method:

- Exposed Fasteners allow you to screw directly through the panels.
- Unlike the plug and screw method, Exposed Fasteners are visible and removable.
- Exposed fasteners come in different sizes depending on the look you are trying to achieve.
- Best use for walls over 13'.



Typical Exposed Fastener



BioLegend, San Diego

- Typical Exposed Fastener close up shot, recessed



BioLegend, San Diego



Attachment Methods: French Cleat

French Cleat Method:

- A French Cleat is a hanging system where panels clip and interlock to the wall.
- Prefered applications are large exterior or interior walls that require back ventilation.



Example 1:

- Cleat Material: Corian cut at 45 degree angles.

Important: Attention to detail in matching the cleat's orientation to its counterpart



Example 1:

- Cleat Material: Pre-Fabricated Aluminum Channels *can be purchase to fit your desired size.

Important: Attention to detail in matching the cleat's orientation to its counterpart



Recommended Techniques and Methods per Application

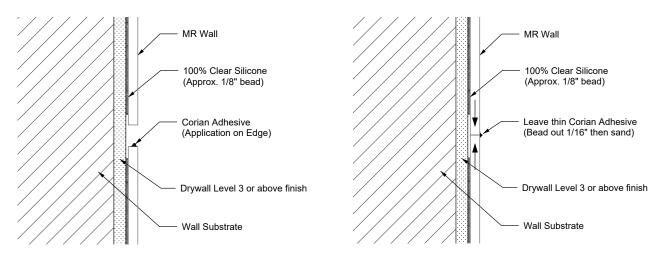
Use this chart to determine which attachment method is best for your project.

	Bathrooms		Interior Walls	Backlight	Exterior Walls	Water Features	Walls over 13'
Silicone	X	х	х				
Plug and Screw			х	х	х	х	х
Exposed Fastener			х	х	х	х	х
French Cleat			х		х	х	х

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Border Adhesive Application

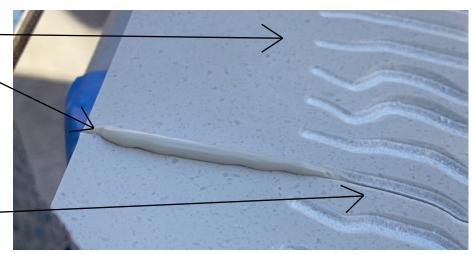
- Use Corian adhesive to bond puzzle pieces.
- For all Border seams (Butt Joints), apply adhesive **on the Panel Edge** and bring both panels together tightly. Let adhesive squeeze out then wipe with a rag. Let dry for 15-20 min
- **Do Not** apply adhesive along the groove edges. See pages 15-16 for topical groove application (to be done after border bonding).



Texture will fade up to a flat border.

Apply Corian Adhesive along the border edge and bring panels together to let bead out. With a clean rag, wipe the excess adhesive away and sand once dry.

Do not apply adhesive on the groove edges.





Standard Adhesive Application

- Use Corian adhesive to bond puzzle pieces.
- TOPICALLY apply adhesive within the seam then wipe with a rag to remove excess adhesive. Let dry for 15-20 min.
- Remove your leveling technique and apply adhesive to the missing seam locations. Once dry, if necessary remove excess adhesive by sanding.
- For a video of how to apply adhesive click the following link: <u>Standard Application</u>



Step 1: Add the adhesive topically between the seams.



Step 2: With a clean rag, wipe excess adhesive, wait 15-20 min to dry.



Step 3: Remove levelers and repeat in missing locations.



Backlight Adhesive Application

- Use Corian adhesive to bond puzzle pieces.
- If Backlight, **ALWAYS** apply adhesive with the lights on to ensure not too much adhesive is applied.
- TOPICALLY apply adhesive within the seam then wipe with a rag to remove excess adhesive. Let dry for 15-20 min.
- Remove your leveling technique and apply adhesive to the missing seam locations. Once dry, if necessary, remove excess adhesive by sanding.
- For a video of how to apply adhesive click the following link: <u>Backlight Application</u>



Add the adhesive topically between the seams.



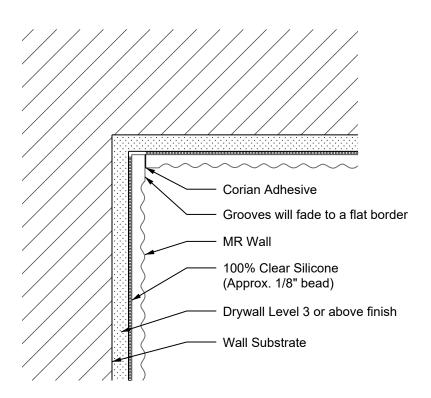
Wipe excess adhesive, wait 15-20 min to dry.



Installation Details: Interior Corners - Plan

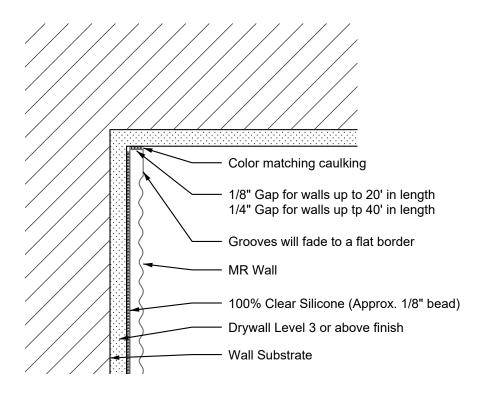
Interior Corner Condition 1:

- M.R. Wall to M.R Wall



Interior Corner Condition 2:

- M.R. Wall to other flat finish

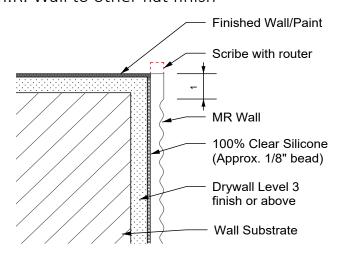




Installation Details: Outside Corners - Plan

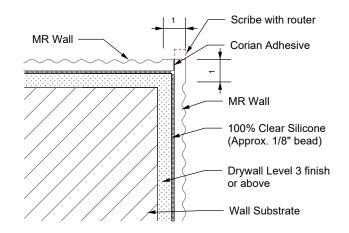
Outside Corner Condition 1:

- M.R. Wall to other flat finish



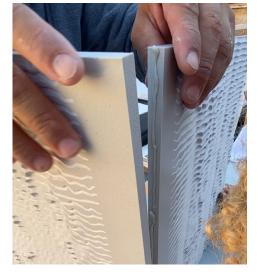
Outside Corner Condition 2:

- M.R. Wall to M.R. Wall



Outside Corner Condition 2 Example:

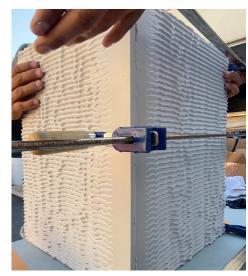
- M.R. Wall to M.R. Wall



Add same colored corian adhesive to the butt joint seam.



Squeeze butt joint together until adhesive beads out.



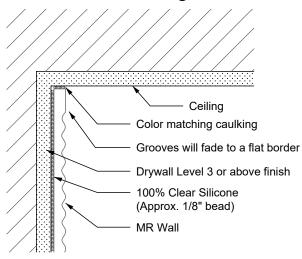
Tighten butt joint seam with pressure. With a rag wipe the excess adhesive.



Installation Details: Top Edge - Section

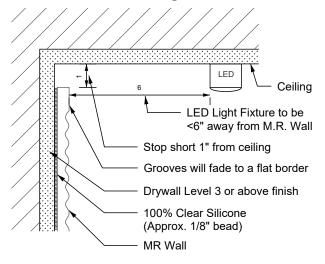
Top Edge Condition 1

- M.R. Wall to Ceiling



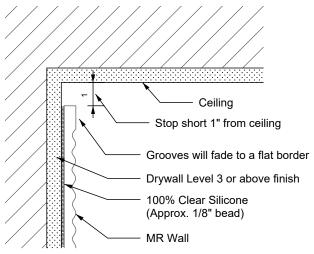
Top Edge Condition 3:

- M.R. Wall with Light Fixture



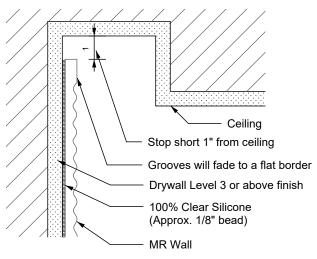
Top Edge Condition 2:

- Floating M.R. Wall



Top Edge Condition 4:

- M.R. Wall with Cove

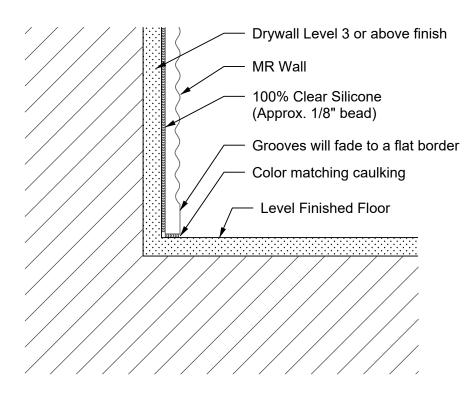




Installation Details: Bottom Edge - Section

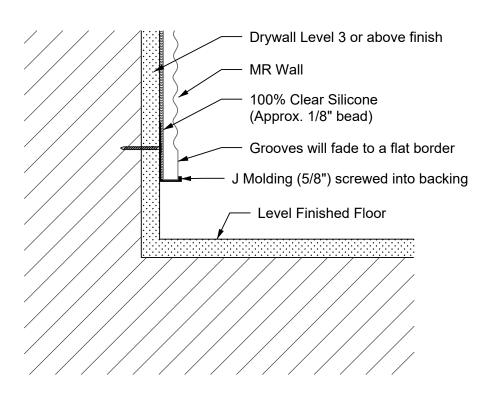
Bottom Edge Condition 1:

- M.R. Wall to Level floor



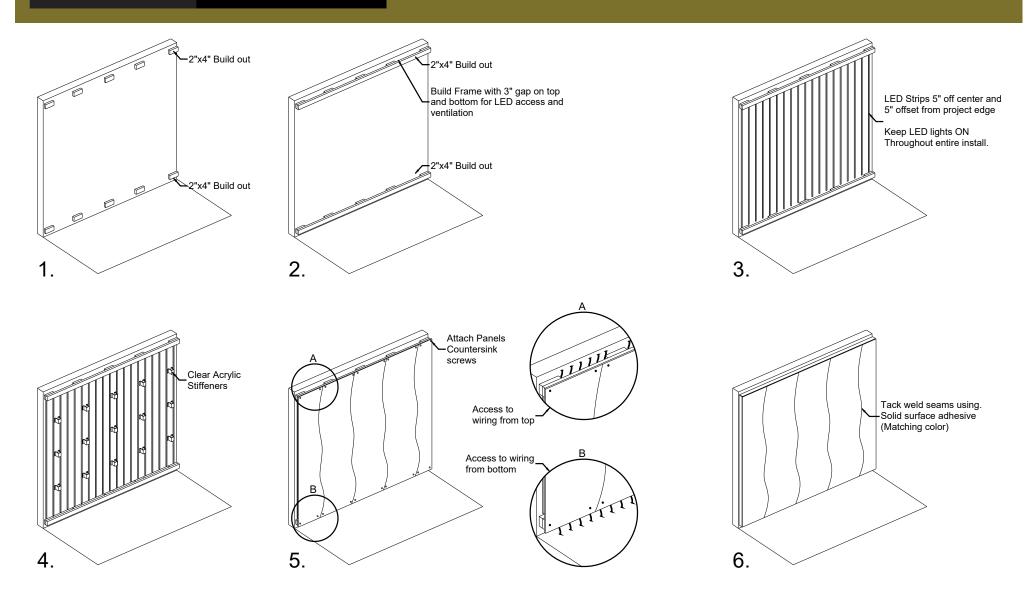
Bottom Edge Condition 2:

- Elevated M.R. Wall using J Mold



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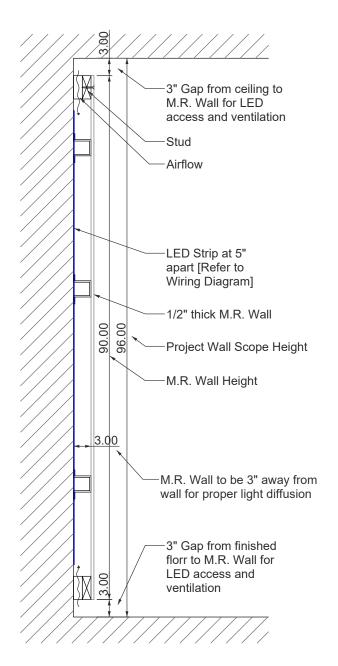
Backlight - Installation Overview



In the case where your panels run horizontally instead of vertically, the frame will be orientated left to right instead of bottom to top. LED layout will stay the same, vertically. 20



Backlight - LED Access and Ventilation



Access and Ventilation

- For all M.R. Walls Backlight walls, a 3" gap is required for access and ventilation.
- 3" on top and bottom is enough spacing between the ceiling and finished floor for you to be able to reach behind the M.R. Wall in case a light needs to be replaced.

Finishing Details

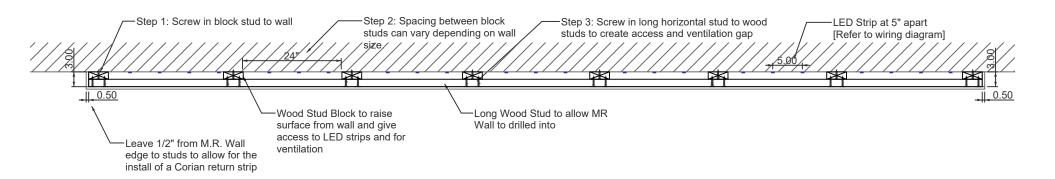
- If prefered, the top and bottom gaps can be capped using a **removable** thin material such as: 1/8" White coated APC or a thin piece of Plywood.
- If prefered, on the left and right returns a 3" Corian returns can be used to cap the



Backlight - Framing and Acrylic Stiffeners

Framing:

- Backlight Framing needs to allow the M.R. Wall panels to float 3" from the surface
- Use Block Studs, evenly spaced out and a long horizontal stud to bring forward the M.R. Wall Surface. It is very important that the block studs and long horizontal stud add up to 3".
- Block Studs allow the top and bottom to have access and ventilation if needed.



Clear Acrylic Stiffeners:

- Similar to the backlight framing, Clear Acrylic Stiffeners are meant to support M.R. Wall Panels exactly 3" from the back wall.
- Acrylic Stiffeners should be placed along the seams for additional support.
- Will be supplied by M.R. Walls.

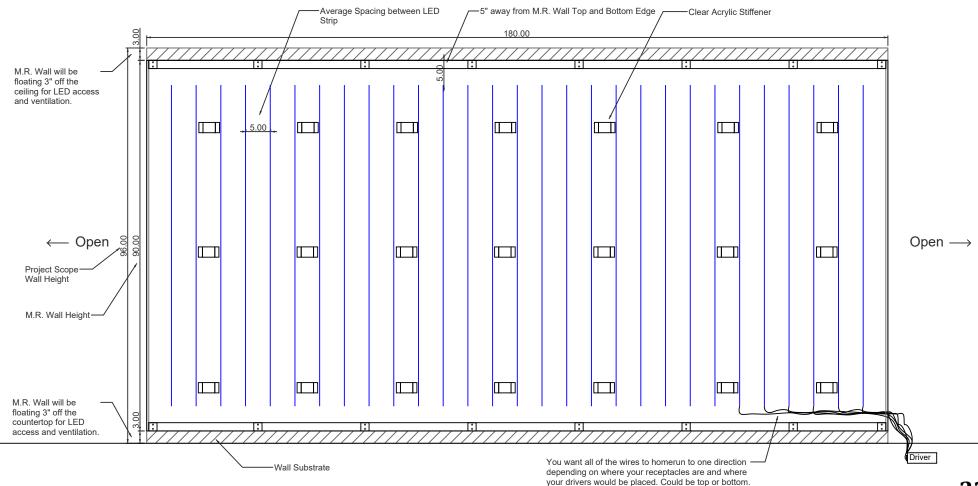




Detailed Wiring Schematic

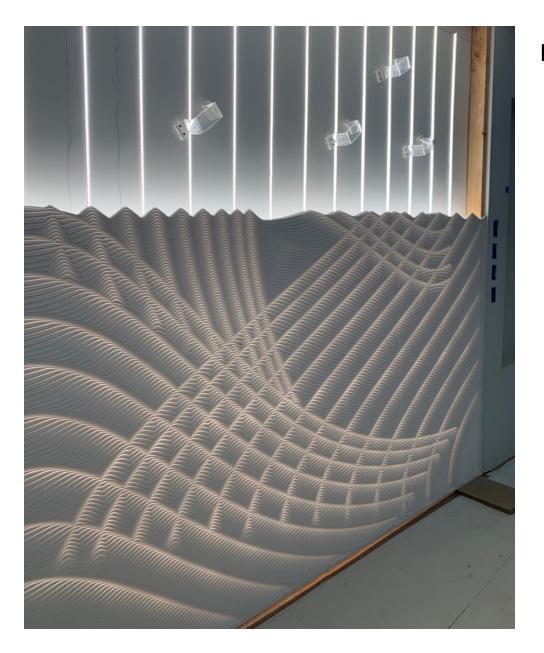
LED Spacing

- Each LED strip should be placed 5" on center away from each other to allow for a balanced backlight.
- Each LED strip should be placed 5" away from all M.R. Wall Edges.
- Acrylic Stiffeners will be supplied by M.R. Walls.





Backlight Image



In Progress Backlight Installation

- Acrylic Stiffeners are fabricated to support M.R. Wall Panels exactly 3" from the back wall.
- LED Strips are placed 5" on center away from each other.
- Puzzle Pieces are horizontal: framing is built out on the left and right.
- Panels are floating 3" on bottom and top to allow for LED access and Ventilation.



Detail Shots - Outlet Treatments



Light Switch Detail

- Offset edge with a fade to untextured border
- Offset edge can vary upon request
- Can be routed out in the field or pre-programmed
- Recommend to do in the field



Outlet Detail

- No offset edge or border
- Can be routed out in the field or pre-programmed
- Recommend to do in the field

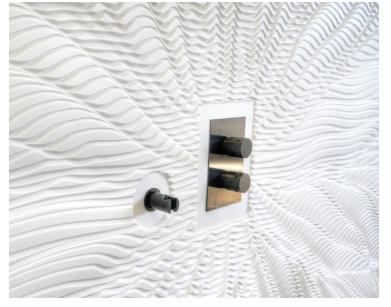


Detail Shots - Recessed Niches



Recessed Shower Glass Trim

- Can be routed out in the field or pre-programmed
- Recommend to do in the field



Plumbing Fixture

- Recessed Border
- Can be routed out in the field or pre-programmed
- Recommend to do in the field



Detail Shots - Shower Fixture Cutouts



Shower Fixture Cut Out

- Template your M.R. Wall using tape.
- Can be routed out in the field with regular wood working tools or pre-programmed.
- Recommend to do in the field.



Shower Fixture Cut Out

- Template your M.R. Wall using tape.
- Tip: Mark your surface with a cross pattern to make sure you are cutting level.
- Can be routed out in the field with regular wood working tools or pre-programmed.
- Recommend to do in the field

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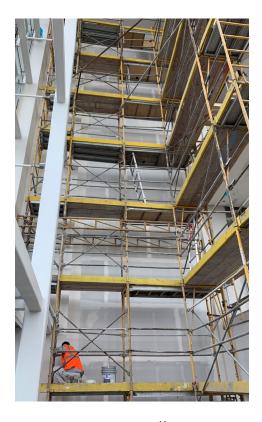
Case by Case Study Tips and Tricks



- Always carry panels vertically to avoid snapping towards the middle.
- Always carry panels with two people



- Make sure to dry-fit panels before installing. This step will help you see how the seams come together and disapear.



- Previous to install it is important to Wall Prep.
Make sure that your final surface is a Level 3 finish or above.



- Method of attachments: Exposed Fastener
- For walls over 13', install using a *Vented Rain Screen* to allow for ventilation.

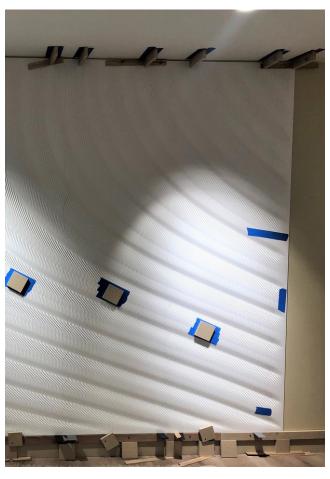
MARIO WALLS

Case by Case Study Tips and Tricks



Leveling the faces using the stitching method

- Tip: You can use blue tape between the panel and flat bracing material to remove hot glue easier



Install with the lights on. Harsh light brings out the unleveled seams

Panels are floating off the floor using a long level piece of wood



Panels are also held up on top with wood shims to apply pressure above.

Video Link Library

Video Links:

Attachment Methods

- Plug and Screw

Adhesive and Wipe

- Backlight
- Standard

Backlight Installation

- Full Backlight Install Video
- LED Wiring Guide

Standard Installation

- Quick 6 piece shower Install Video
- Large Wall Installation